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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/670,877	09/27/2000	KAZUO ICHIKAWA	107469	7376	
25944	7590 09/29/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			ZERVIGO	ZERVIGON, RUDY	
P.O. BOX 19928 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,	·	1763		
			DATE MAILED: 09/29/2005	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	W		
		09/670,877	ICHIKAWA ET AL	••		
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Rudy Zervigon	1763			
Period fo	• •	appears on the cover sh				
WHI(- Exte after - If NO - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REDEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per tire to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stareply received by the Office later than three months after the material process. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMI 1.136(a). In no event, however, tod will apply and will expire SIX tute, cause the application to be	MUNICATION. may a reply be timely filed (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20) July 2005.				
2a)⊠		his action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allo	wance except for forma	I matters, prosecution as to the	e merits is		
,	closed in accordance with the practice unde		• •			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
	Claim(s) 1,2,5 and 6 is/are pending in the a	nnlication				
7/63	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without a	•	nn			
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	irawii iroiii consideratic				
·	Claim(s) <u>1,2,5 and 6</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	· · · — ·	d/or election requireme	nt.			
Applicat	ion Papers					
	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner				
•	The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 September 2000</u>		or b) objected to by the Exam	miner		
ושולטו	Applicant may not request that any objection to	·	• •			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con			FR 1 121(d)		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	·	• • • •	• •		
•—	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
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•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore \square All b) \square Some * c) \square None of:	ign phority under 35 O.	5.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (t).			
а)		anta haya haan raasiya	d			
	1. Certified copies of the priority docum		•			
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 					
	application from the International Bur			Stage		
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a					
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Attachmen		. . □				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	_	erview Summary (PTO-413) per No(s)/Mail Date			
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ er No(s)/Mail Date	08) 5) 🔲 Not	ice of Informal Patent Application (PTGer:	O-152)		
S. Patent and TOL-326 (F	rademark Office Rev. 7-05) Office	a Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail D	ate 20050926		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1, 2, 5, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hara 2. et al (U. S. Pat. 5,648,276) in view of Babayan et al (US 2002/0129902 A1) and Goodyear; Andrew L. et al. (US 5,532,190 A). Hara et al teaches a CVD system (C₁, C₂; Figure 2; column 7, lines 7-8) provided with a plasma generator (Fig.3, "UE", column 7, lines 15-20) having a plasma generation chamber (Fig. 3 containing "PL"; column 7, lines 15-20), including a circumferential wall (QW; Figure 3; column 7, lines 10-15) made of an insulator ("quartz"), the plasma generation chamber (Fig. 3 containing "PL", column 7, lines 15-20) being separated from a film deposition chamber (Fig. 3 "QW" and "SW"; column 7, lines 10-15) in which a substrate (1) is arranged, and a film is deposited (column 7, lines 7-8) on the substrate within the same chamber (Fig. 3 "QW" and "SW"; column 7, lines 10-15) as the substrate is not moved (Fig. 3). A material gas (Fig.3, "Gas (SiH₄, etc)") is directly supplied into the film deposition chamber, radicals in the plasma are introduced into the film deposition chamber from the plasma generator through holes ("ME", mesh, Fig.3) of a lower plate (lower half of "ME"), and a thin film ("a-Si:H'', column 7, lines 5-10) is deposited on the substrate. A gas feeder ("Gas (Ar, ...)"; Fig.3) is provided to the plasma generator.

Hara et al further teaches a silicon-based film is deposited on a substrate ("a-Si:H", column 7, lines 5-10, lines 65-67), then converting the silicon-based film to a crystalline silicon-based film by laser annealing (column 8, lines 5-11), then depositing a gate insulating film ("SiO₂"; column

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8, lines 20-25) on the crystalline film by a CVD system comprised of a separate film deposition chamber and plasma generation chamber as described above. Plasma "cleaning" is discussed as a step prior to forming the gate insulating film (column 13, lines 9-20). Also, see column 14, lines 10-25 and column 17, lines 1-10.

Hara does not teach that the lower plate (lower half of "ME") is connected to ground thereby allowing only radicals to pass. Further, Hara does not teach diameters of his through holes thereby allowing only radicals to pass.

Babayan teaches a capacitively coupled plasma apparatus (Figure 1). Specifically, Babayan teaches both electrically conductive upper (26, 28) and electrically conductive lower (22) electrodes as grounded ([0042]) thereby allowing only radicals to pass ([0039]).

Hara and Babayan do not teach that Hara's lower plate (lower half of "ME") inlude diffusion holes, separate from Hara's through holes ("ME", mesh, Fig.3).

Goodyear teaches a capacitive (electrode) plasma processing apparatus (Figure 1; column 3, line 59-column 4, line 18) including a perforated gas feeding electrode (12) which inlude diffusion holes (12b; Figure 1), separate from through holes (12a; Figure 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace and ground Hara's upper electrode (ME) with Goodyear's perforated gas feeding electrode as taught by Babayan and Goodyear, and to optimize the dimension of Hara's introduction hole diameters thereby allowing only radicals to pass.

Motivation to replace and ground Hara's upper electrode (ME) with Goodyear's perforated gas feeding electrode as taught by Babayan and Goodyear, and to optimize the dimension of Hara's introduction hole diameters thereby allowing only radicals to pass is to avoid ion induced

damage (last line, [0039]) as taught by Babayan, and for controlling regional gas compositions during processing as taught by Goodyear (column 4; lines 59-64) for uniform processing as taught by Goodyear (column 4; lines 43-50). Further, it is well established that changes in apparatus dimensions are within the level of ordinary skill in the art. (Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984); In re Rose, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955); In re Rinehart, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPO 143 (CCPA 1976); See MPEP 2144.04).

Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments filed July 20, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not 3. persuasive.
- Applicant states: 4.

Babayan does not disclose or suggest that each of through holes of a lower plate is designed to pass radicals only to a film deposition chamber, as recited in independent claim 1, and similarly recited in independent claim 5.

The Examiner disagrees. The Examiner specifically cited that Babayan teaches both electrically conductive upper (26, 28) and electrically conductive lower (22) electrodes as grounded ([0042]) thereby allowing only radicals to pass ([0039]). In particular, Babayan states "In one embodiment, the invention confines the plasma to the powered and grounded electrodes, so that, for the most part, only neutral reactive species contact the substrate or work piece, thus avoiding ion bombardment and any significant ion-induced damage of the substrate or work piece." As

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such, Babayan teaches an apparatus that passes only "neutral reactive species" of which "radials" are a part. Further, when the structure recited in the reference is substantially identical to that of the claims, claimed properties or functions are presumed to be inherent (In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977); MPEP 2112.01).

5. Applicant states:

Babayan clearly states that the members 26 and 28 are merely two perforated sheets. See

paragraph (00422. Nowhere does Babayan disclose that members 26 and 28 are electrodes.

Therefore, Babayan does not provide for the teaching; suggestion or motivation that members 26

and 28 are electrodes. Thus, Babayan does not disclose or suggest the claimed invention.

In response, the Examiner cites Babayan's Figure 1 which clearly shows each of plates 28 and 26 are grounded, thus each of plates 28 and 26 must be conductive and are thus cathode electrodes.

Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Rudy Zervigon whose telephone number is (571) 272.1442. The examiner can normally be reached on a Monday through Thursday schedule from 8am through 7pm. The official fax phone number for the 1763 art unit is (703) 872-9306. Any Inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Chemical and Materials Engineering art unit receptionist at (571) 272-1700. If the examiner can not be reached please contact the examiner's supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh, at (571) 272-1435.